

## Works Cited

Brooks, S. K., Webster, R. K., Smith, L. E., Woodland, L., Wessely, S., Greenberg, N., & Rubin, G. J. (2020). The psychological impact of quarantine and how to reduce it: rapid review of the evidence. *Lancet (British Edition)*, 395(10227), 912–920.

The journal article, published in 2020, describes the psychological impact of the mandated quarantine in response to the COVID-19. The journal presents their analysis through data collected from twenty-four papers detailing negative psychological effects such as inadequate supplies, financial loss, confusion, anger, infection fears, etc. This journal can also provide further insight about how to reduce these negative psychological effects through clear rationales and information about protocols and supplies. This journal will aid in the understanding of tweets made while the users have been quarantined.

Gostin, L. (2020, March 10). Could – Or Should – The Government Impose A Mass Quarantine On An American City? Retrieved June 27, 2020, from <https://www.healthaffairs.org/doi/10.1377/hblog20200310.824973/full/>

The article published on the Health Affairs Organization website in March of 2020 highlights the potential questions one could have while the United States Government decides whether to mandate a state-wide quarantine. The article answers questions like “Does The Federal Government Have the Power to Shut Down A Major City?” and “Would A Mass Quarantine Be Lawful And Constitutional?” The author also dives into the ethical considerations of a quarantine discussing “a social compact”. This article provides insight to what questions society had before quarantine was mandated and therefore potential insight to the background of a tweet.

Lopez, G. (2020, May 28). Every state is reopening. Just 7 meet these basic criteria to do so safely. Retrieved June 27, 2020, from <https://www.vox.com/2020/5/28/21270515/coronavirus-covid-reopen-economy-social-distancing-states-map-data>

The online article published on Vox’s website details the basic criteria a state should meet before reopening, however the author states that every state is reopening and only seven meet the criteria to do so safely. The author uses data and statements from experts describing what a state needs to be safe to reopen such as two-week drop in coronavirus cases, 150 new tests per 100,000 people per day, an overall

positive rate for tests below 5 percent, etc. This article will provide a helpful resource when analyzing the amount of user's on twitter who want to reopen their community.

Mental Health and Coping During COVID-19. (2020, June 12). Retrieved June 27, 2020, from <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/daily-life-coping/managing-stress-anxiety.html>

The article published by the CDC details how to cope with a global pandemic. The article gives a variety of helpful resources such as a list of potential symptoms caused in response to high levels of stress, a list of crisis hotlines for emergency, a list of healthy ways to cope with stress, etc. Also, the article provides insight for those recovering from COVID-19 or ending their home isolation. This article will be helpful when explaining the tweets backed with emotion in response to the quarantine.

Zhang StephenX., Wang YiFei, Rauch, A., & Wei Feng. (2020). Unprecedented disruption of lives and work: Health, distress and life satisfaction of working adults in China one month into the COVID-19 outbreak. *Psychiatry Research*, 288.

The journal article, published in April of 2020, reports on the disruption of lives and work in response to one month after the COVID-19 outbreak. The author details the distress and life satisfaction after one month of confinement using data of participants who worked from home, in the office, or stopped working and their associated satisfaction with life using percentages. There is a detailed methodology report within the journal and several tables of data. Overall, this journal provides an example of the dissatisfaction of daily life while in a country-wide mandated confinement.